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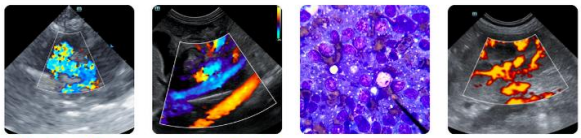

Clinical Sonography & Telecytology
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PATIENT

Oliver Benum

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

8.10 years

WEIGHT

27.4lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM, DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Loetitia Saint-Jacques, LVT

HOSPITAL NAME

VCA BAring Blvd Vet

REFERRING VET

Dr. Tampira

INVOICE

47296

DATE

3/24/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: 6-week cough and tachypnea that has limited response to antibiotics. Grade 4/6 bilateral holosystolic heart murmur. On Clavamox. Blood pressure Method Doppler, cuff size 4, Cuff size 4 cm, Cuff location Right front leg. Additional notes HR: 124, 108, 116. BP: 164, 166, 164. Baseline hr 92. P laid left lateral with head level to heart.
-Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results (1/7/26): ALP 16, Glucose 119, Globulins 2.2. Culture of nasal discharge from 2/5/26 Moraxella sp, Pasteurella sp, Alpha hemolytic streptococci HWT- negative Baermann test- pending.
-CXR (2/3/26)- Bilateral bronchopneumonia 2/13/26- Bronchial changes consistent with chronic and active bronchitis 2/27/26- Bronchointerstitial pattern indicating resolved bronchopneumonia 3/13/26- Mild persistent bronchitis with no evidence of bronchopneumonia.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Mild mitral valve leaflet thickening with no obvious prolapse into the left atrial lumen. No mitral regurgitation is identified. Normal left atrial dimension. Normal LV diameter with normal myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears subjectively normal. Trace TR. Normal velocity. The right heart is normal. No overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. No aortic abnormalities identified, with normal outflow velocity. Normal pulmonic outflow velocities. No aortic insufficiency. Trace pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No cardiac tumors observed.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	NA	2.7	NM	1.3	30	58	0.2
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	**HR** (BPM)	**AV VMAX** (m/s)	**PV MAX** (m/s)	**BODY WEIGHT** (kg)	**LA** 2D short axis Base view (cm)	**LVIDd** Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	**LVIDs** Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	NM	1.4	1.0	12.4	2.2	3.3	2.3
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
***Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.**				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Overtly normal cardiac structure and function with no cause of a murmur identified. No significant valvular insufficiencies were noted and no structural issues identified. In the absence of significant volume changes (dehydration or anemia), other possibilities include a physiologic flow murmur only present with elevated heart rates, or a small flow abnormality not seen here. Should the murmur persist/progress in the future, it is reasonable to monitor periodically via recheck echocardiography in the future.

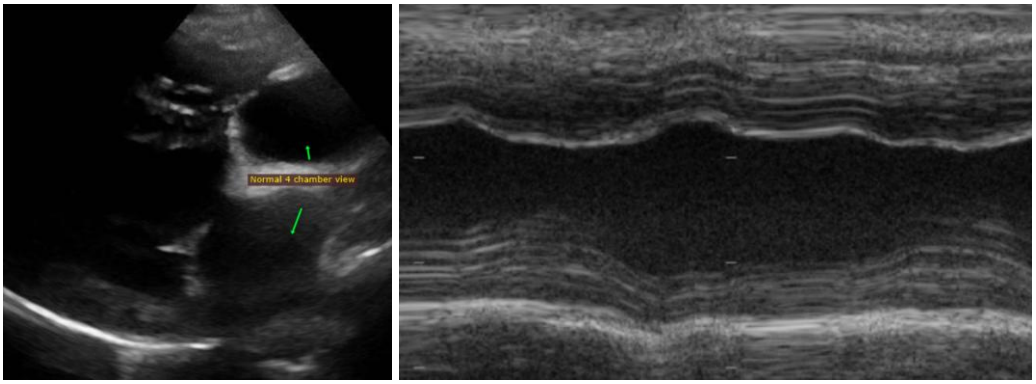
These findings would suggest the cough is unlikely to be cardiac in origin and primary respiratory causes should be considered. Consider further respiratory work up/treatment (hydrocodone, taper course of steroids, Enrofloxacin, TTW/BAL, etc.). A poorly controlled cough can lead to development of pulmonary hypertension over time, and monitoring for associated clinical signs is recommended (primarily exertional syncope/dyspnea).

No cardiac medications are indicated at this time. Prognosis is open. Monitor for any development of cough, labored breathing or exercise intolerance.

No cardiac contraindication for general anesthesia.

Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 12-18 months to reassess murmur origin and screen for development of concurrent cardiac disease that the preexisting murmur may mask.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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info@sonopath.com